Algal Blooms Pose Danger To Livestock



Eric Baker **Estill County Extension** Agent for Agriculture & Natural Resources

Recent news reports of unsafe drinking water in the Great Lakes area has drawn national attention to toxic creates a green, blue-green, algal blooms. In Kentucky, cyanobacteria, also known as blue-green algae, recently were reported in Green River Lake, Taylorsville Lake, Barren River Lake, Nolin Reservoir, and Rough River Lake at levels that prompted a recreational advisory.

Algal blooms are accumulated populations of algae in freshwater and marine such as water temperature, and shrubs between farmwater environments. They can reduce water quality, so animals might not drink as much as they need to get duced," Arnold said. "Cvathem through the hot, dry summer. Of the more than 2,000 species of blue-green been implicated in illness compliance for the UK Agrialgae identified, at least 80 and human and livestock are known to produce cya- death in at least 35 states and notoxins (poisons) that can in more than 50 countries swim in water with scum seriously affect animal and worldwide." human health.

can occur at any time of the denly or suffer from weakyear, they happen most of- ness, staggering or phototen in the warmer months of sensitization depending on June through September," the toxin and how much they

said Michelle Arnold, rumi- ingested. nant veterinarian for the Uniof Agriculture, Food and Environment. "In freshwater, bacteria."

ly exist in wet places. They thrive in warm, stagnant, nutrient rich water and are ter sources and providing found often in ponds, lakes alternative water sources reand slow moving rivers. While not all algae are harm- Amanda Gumbert, UKAg ful, farm ponds contaminat- extension water quality lied with fertilizer runoff or aison. "Don't allow your direct manure and urine are animals to contaminate the the perfect environment for water with feces and urine. harmful blue-green algae. Prevent fertilizer or manure When the weather is hot and runoff from entering water dry, rapid growth of the al- sources. Phosphorus is pargae can result in a "bloom," ticularly important in fueling or a build-up of algae that cyanobacteria growth." white or brown coloring on ed with an algaecide such as the surface of the water. It copper sulfate, prevent animay look like a floating lay- mal access for at least a week er of paint. If it's windy, the to allow degradation of any algal blooms may concen- released toxins in the water. trate along the water's edge, It is best to wait until ponds which increases the risk for are no longer stagnant before livestock to ingest the algae allowing animals to drink when they come down to the from it. pond for a drink.

sunlight, water pH and nutrient concentration all affect and waterways can help filter when toxins will be pronotoxins can affect the liver and nervous system and have director of environmental

"Although algal blooms affected water may die sud-

A few simple steps can versity of Kentucky College keep livestock, pets and humans safe from algae poisoning. Always assume that the majority of harmful algal a blue-green algal bloom is blooms are caused by cyano- toxic. Provide clean, fresh water to animals and fence Blue-green algae natural- off their access to stagnant, scum-covered ponds.

"Fencing off natural waally is your best option," said

If the water source is treat-

"Environmental factors natural buffers, such as trees land, housing developments out excess nitrogen and phosphorous before they reach the water," said Steve Higgins, cultural Experiment Station.

To protect humans, don't layers or blooms and avoid Animals that consume jet skiing, windsurfing, tubing or water skiing over scum or blooms. Don't use untreated water for drinking, cleaning food or washing camping gear. Boiling water will not remove algal toxins. religion, disability or na-Thoroughly wash any skin tional origin.

that comes into contact with a bloom. Don't eat shellfish caught or harvested from a bloom area.

Farmers who notice algal blooms in ponds intended for livestock use should get the water tested. Not all algal blooms produce toxins.

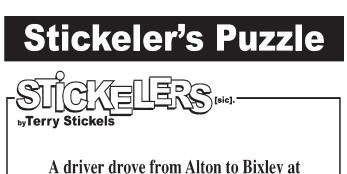
"Many algal blooms in Kentucky are composed of harmless green algae that may look like underwater moss, stringy mats or floating scum," Gumbert said. "It is impossible to tell just by looking at the pond if it contains blue-green algae."

The UK Veterinary Diagnostic Lab can accept water samples and forward them to referral labs to identify blue-green algae and test for toxins. Visit http://vdl.uky. edu/TestInformation.aspx and search under "Toxicology" for further information regarding sampling and pricing.

"Unfortunately, testing water for an actual toxin is problematic, because toxins are not uniformly distributed in the water source," Arnold said. "Testing can be quite expensive and there are many blue-green algae toxins for which no diagnostic tests exist. To be safe, always assume that a blue-green algal bloom has the potential to be toxic."

For more information, visit the Environmental Protection Agency website http://www2.epa.gov/nutrient-policy-data/cyanotoxins or contact the Estill County Extension Service at 723-4557.

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HERE IS A PLEASANT LITTLE GAME that will give you a message every day. It's a numerical puzzle designed to spell out your fortune. Count the letters in your first name. If the number of letters is 6 or more, subtract 4. If the number is less than 6, add 3. The result is your key number. Start at the upper left-hand corner and check one of your key numbers, left to right. Then read the message the letters under the checked figures give you.

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CryptoQuote

AXYDLBAAXR is **LONGFELLOW**

One letter stands for another. In this sample, A is used for the three L's, **X** for the two O's, etc. Single letters, apostrophes, the length and formation of the words are all hints. Each week the code letters are different.

NZMMDUC NUK LZRU

HUSSUM LZQRUE, HIS

HZVLUQFME LZRU HUSSUM

BIZMSUME.

— EFIMVU FHEVIMU

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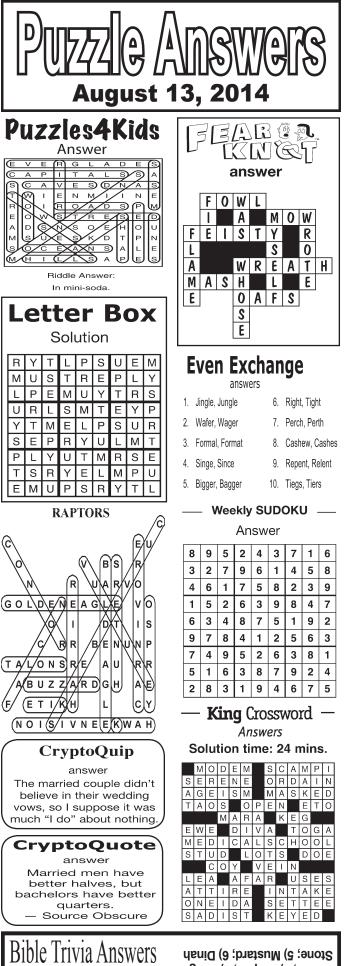
CryptoQuip

This is a simple substitution cipher in which each letter used stands for another. If you think that X equals O, it will equal O throughout the puzzle. Solution is accomplished by trial and error.

Clue: P equals D

NBY IHQQJYP EAZVWY PJPD'N OYWJYRY JD NBYJQ SYPPJDT RASF, FA J FZVVAFY JN SHF IZEB "J PA" HOAZN DANBJDT.

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USDA Extends Deadline for The Emergency Assistance for Livestock, Honeybees and Farm-Raised Fish Program

FARM SERVICE AGENCY

Richmond FSA Service Center 1024 Ival James Blvd., Ste A-2 Call 888-758-6909

"Creating and maintaining

The United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Farm Service Agency (FSA) Administrator Juan M. Garcia has announced that the enrollment deadline for the 2012 and 2013 Emergency Assistance for Livestock, Honeybees and Farm-Raised Fish Program (ELAP) has been extended to this Friday, August 15, 2014. Originally, program sign-up was scheduled to end Aug. 1.

The new deadline gives livestock, honeybee, and farmraised fish producers who experienced losses because of disease, adverse weather, wildfires or colony collapse disorder between Oct. 1, 2011 and Sept. 30, 2013, an additional two weeks to enroll in ELAP.

"Because ELAP is an important safety net for key sectors of American agriculture, we've provided this two week extension so that producers can submit required documentation and apply for program benefits," said Garcia.

Producers are encouraged to contact their local FSA service center or visit FSA's website at www.fsa.usda.gov for additional information regarding ELAP.

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28 mph to cover 80 miles. On her return journey, she drove at 35 mph. What was her average speed for the whole trip?





Stone; 5) Mustard; 6) Dinah Words; 3) Harpist; 4) Sling/ AUSWERS: 1) Neither; 2)

Casey's trivia book "Know It? ... or Not?"

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